

PLAN FOR RETIREMENT & START RETIREMENT

PENSION PRODUCT DISCLOSURE STATEMENT ISSUED 1 NOVEMBER 2019

- > Plan for retirement with First Super's Transition to Retirement Allocated Pension
- > Start retirement with First Super's Allocated Pension

This Product Disclosure Statement (PDS) contains general information only and does not take into account your objectives, financial situation or needs. You should consider obtaining financial advice tailored to your own personal circumstances before deciding to invest in First Super. To request a hard copy of this PDS or any other important information referred to in this PDS, call us on 1300 360 988. You should consider the information in this PDS before making a decision.

Issued by First Super Pty Ltd ABN 42 053 498 472, AFSL 223988 Trustee of First Super ABN 56 286 625 181



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CONTENTS

This Product Disclosure Statement (PDS) describes the main features of First Super's Allocated Pensions. It will help you decide whether these products meet your needs, and compare them to others you may be considering. You should read this document carefully before making any decision.

The material in this PDS is a summary. The rules of the Fund are located in the Trust Deed and relevant law. In the event of any inconsistency between this PDS and the rules, the rules of the Fund prevail. Investment is open to Australian residents who can join the Fund by completing the application forms provided in this PDS.

By joining the Fund, applicants agree to be bound by the Trust Deed and any amendments.

Information contained in this PDS is general in nature and does not take into account your individual objectives, financial situation or particular needs. You should seek the advice of a professional investment advisor before making an investment decision.

For more information

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The registered address of the Trustee is

165 Bouverie Street, Carlton, VIC 3053

This PDS was up to date at the time of issue. The Trustee will amend or withdraw it from circulation if there is a material alteration to information contained in the PDS. If you invest in the First Super Allocated Pension and there is a change that we believe affects your investment we will tell you about it. Where a change is not materially adverse to you we will notify you through our website (firstsuper.com.au) or the Annual Report. Where a change is materially adverse, we will write to you to explain the change as soon as possible and, if practical, before the change occurs. Some changes, such as a change in fees, must be notified to you in advance. You can obtain a paper copy of information appearing on our website from us at no cost. You can obtain a paper copy of the Annual Report from us at no cost and register to receive a paper copy each year by calling 1300 360 988.

Important: Neither First Super Pty Ltd nor any service provider to the Fund or any other party guarantees the performance of the Fund, the repayment of capital or any particular rate of return.

BNP Paribas Securities Services has required inclusion of the following information in this document. First Super Pty Ltd advises that BNP Paribas Securities Services acts as a bare trustee in holding assets of the First Super Superannuation Fund.

The Trustee has appointed BNP Paribas Securities Services (ARBN 149 440 291) ("BNP" or "Custodian") as the Custodian of the assets of the Fund. The Custodian's role is limited to holding the assets of the Fund as agent of the Trustee. The Custodian has no supervisory role in relation to the operation of the Fund and is not responsible for protecting your interests. The Custodian has no liability or responsibility to you for any act done or omission made in accordance with the terms of the Custody Agreement. The Custodian makes no statement in this PDS and has not authorised or caused the issue of it. BNP has given and not withdrawn its consent to be named in this PDS.

Investments of the Fund do not represent investments in, deposits with or other liabilities of BNP or any other member of the BNP group of companies (BNP Group). Neither BNP, nor any other member of BNP Group, in any way stands behind the capital value of the Fund, nor do they guarantee the performance of the investment or the underlying assets of the Fund, or provide a guarantee or assurance in respect of the obligations of the Trustee or its related entities.

WHY CHOOSE FIRST SUPER?	3
FIRST SUPER PENSION ACCOUNT OVERVIEW	4
FIRST SUPER PENSION ACCOUNT BENEFITS	5
RISKS	7
INVESTMENTS	8
YOUR INVESTMENT CHOICE	11
NOMINATING BENEFICIARIES	16
FEES AND OTHER COSTS	17
TAX	22
CENTRELINK	24
GENERAL INFORMATION	24
GLOSSARY	28
HOW TO OPEN AN ACCOUNT	29
COMPLETING PROOF OF IDENTITY	32
FORMS	33

WHY CHOOSE FIRST SUPER?

First Super offers two retirement options depending on your life stage:

1. PLAN FOR RETIREMENT

First Super's Transition to Retirement Allocated Pension Account (TTR Pension)

If you've reached Preservation Age (see table below) and are still working, a First Super TTR Pension allows you to:

> Reduce your working hours

If you reduce your working hours, you can use some of your super to supplement your income.

> Boost your super

If you make before-tax (salary sacrifice) contributions to your First Super account and replace the income with payments from a First Super TTR Pension, you could increase your retirement savings without losing income.*

*Cap limits apply.

> Pay less tax

A First Super TTR Pension can help you pay less tax. If you are over 60, when you receive income from your pension account you do not pay tax.

Investment earnings of your account are taxed at the concessional rate of 15%.

> Take care of beneficiaries

A First Super TTR Pension can provide an income stream to take care of your beneficiaries in the event of your death

Your Preservation Age depends on when you were born:

Date of Birth	Preservation Age
Before 1 July 1960	55
1 July 1960 to 30 June 1961	56
1 July 1961 to 30 June 1962	57
1 July 1962 to 30 June 1963	58
1 July 1963 to 30 June 1964	59
After 1 July 1964	60

We're here to help. So let's talk.

Getting the most out of a First Super Pension Account may require expert advice. Call **1300 360 988** to speak to one of our Financial Planners.

2. START RETIREMENT

First Super's Allocated Pension Account

If you've reached your Preservation Age (see table below) and you're about to fully retire, a First Super Allocated Pension allows you to:

> Receive a regular income

You can choose to receive payments fortnightly, monthly, quarterly, half-yearly or yearly.

> Draw lump sum payments

You can withdraw lump sums or even the entire account value when it suits you (minimum payment \$1,000).

> Pay less tax

The First Super Allocated Pension has numerous tax advantages, including no tax on investment earnings.

> Qualify for Centrelink

You may also be eligible for Government benefits.

> Take care of beneficiaries

A First Super Allocated Pension can provide an income stream to take care of your beneficiaries in the event of your death.

FIRST SUPER PENSION ACCOUNT OVERVIEW

What is the minimum investment?	Minimum investment \$10,000. If you commence a Transition to Retirement Pension, you must retain at least \$1,000 in your First Super accumulation account balance.
You're not locked in	You can withdraw from your First Super Pension Account whenever you like, and there are no penalties.
You don't lose access to your money!	A First Super Pension Account can help you pay less tax, and investment earnings are tax free for members over the age of 60. You can: > receive regular payments, > draw down lump sums from your account, > withdraw all the money from your account or transfer the balance of your TTR Pension account and another TTR Pension or super fund. Read pages 5 and 6 for more information.
When does the pension end?	When the balance of your account runs out or you close it.
You choose your investment options	You can choose how your money is invested by selecting one or a combination of the investment options offered. See the 'Your investment choice' section for more information on page 11.
You choose when you get paid	You can choose to receive payments fortnightly, monthly, quarterly, half-yearly or yearly.
Tax and Centrelink	Part of your payments may attract tax or affect Centrelink benefits. See the 'Tax' and 'Centrelink' sections for more information (see pages 22 to 24).
Investment earnings (positive or negative) are tax-free for most members	You don't have to do anything to ensure investment earnings are credited to your account free of tax; it happens automatically.
Low fees and no commissions	See the 'Fees and other costs' section on page 17 for more information.
We're here to help	Our Financial Planners can help you get the most out of your First Super Allocated Pension. Call 1300 360 988 or visit firstsuper.com.au to book an appointment.

FIRST SUPER PENSION ACCOUNT BENEFITS

A First Super Pension Account is established when you transfer money from one or more super funds. The law prevents more money being paid into a Pension Account once payments out commence but you can have more than one Pension Account with First Super. The minimum deposit is \$10,000 and the balance of a Pension Account increases and decreases with:

- > the initial rollovers and transfers from your super funds,
- > any positive or negative earnings on the investment option you select,
- > pension and lump sum payments and withdrawals,
- > fees and charges, and
- > government taxes (if any).

Investment earnings (negative or positive) are calculated on each 30 June or when you leave First Super. All investment earnings are declared after the deduction of investment taxes and costs.

With a First Super Pension account, you can:

- > close your Pension Account at any time,
- draw down lump sums, subject to government restrictions that are different for TTR Pensions and Allocated Pensions,
- > nominate a person to receive pension payments in the event of your death,
- > nominate a person to receive a lump sum in the event of your death.

Different Government rules apply to TTR Pensions and Allocated Pensions. You can change the amount of your regular payments during the year and are asked to nominate the amount you wish to be paid for the financial year at 1 July each year.

It's important to note that an Allocated Pension may not provide an income for the rest of your life. Payments continue until the balance has been withdrawn or the account is closed. Using a Pension Account means your money can be paid to your beneficiaries in the event of your death. Subject to the law, you can nominate a person to receive the balance of your account or an income from your account in the event of your death. Please see the *Nominating Beneficiaries* section of this PDS (page 16) for more information.

You'll receive a member statement as at 30 June and 31 December each year showing the value of your account including payments made from your pension account. In addition, you will be sent written confirmation whenever you change your investment choice or make a lump sum withdrawal.

First Super offers two retirement options:

1. Plan for Retirement

First Super Transition to Retirement Allocated Pension (TTR Pension) lets you ease into retirement by replacing income lost by reducing your working hours. Alternatively, you can use a TTR Pension as a tax effective way to boost your savings prior to stopping work.

2. Start Retirement

First Super Allocated Pension allows you to receive a regular income with tax advantages.

1. Plan for Retirement

First Super Transition to Retirement Allocated Pension

The First Super Transition to Retirement Allocated Pension (TTR Pension) can provide a tax-effective income to members who are still working and have reached Preservation Age (see table on page 3). To open a TTR Pension, an initial deposit must be made from one or more super funds. If you commence a TTR Pension, you must retain at least \$1,000 in your First Super accumulation account balance.

Generally, the most popular uses for TTR Pensions are to:

- reduce your working hours and supplement your income
- > increase retirement savings by drawing income from a TTR Pension while making increased salary sacrifice contributions to super*
 - *Cap limits apply.
- > help ease the way into retirement by drawing on your super to (for example) pay off debt.

See the 'Tax' section for more information on income payments made between Preservation Age and under age 60, or over the age of 60.

Members can choose the number of payments they wish to receive and their frequency, which can be fortnightly, monthly, quarterly, half-yearly or yearly. Total withdrawals cannot exceed 10% of account balance per financial year.

FIRST SUPER PENSION ACCOUNT BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

There are restrictions on the minimum amount that can be withdrawn from a Pension Account. At least one payment of a minimum amount must be made once a year. The minimum amount is a percentage of account balance by age as shown in the following table:

Minimum age	Pension minimum annual percentage of account balance
55-64	4%
65-74	5%
75–79	6%
80-84	7%
85–89	9%
90–94	11%
95+	14%

The maximum that can be withdrawn from a TTR Pension in any year equals 10% of the account balance at the start of each year. For example, if you have \$100,000 in your account you can withdraw a maximum of \$10,000 over the year.

Example

Peter is 58 and invests \$200,000 into his First Super TTR Pension account on 1 July. The minimum and maximum income payment limits applicable to that financial year are as follows:

Calculations	Peter
Initial Investment (A)	\$200,000
Minimum you must withdraw (B)	4%
Maximum you can withdraw (C)	10%
Minimum annual income payments to be received each year (A) x (B)	\$200,000 x 4% = \$8,000
Maximum annual income payments to be received (A) x (C)	\$200,000 x 10% = \$20,000

This means, Peter must choose to receive an income payment from his TTR Pension of between \$8,000 and \$20,000 in the first year of payment. The minimum and maximum amounts are calculated on 1 July each year or at the date of commencement of your account.

When a TTR Pension member retires, their TTR Pension will convert to a First Super Allocated Pension.

Members can close their TTR Pension and transfer the balance into a First Super Accumulation account at no cost.

2. START RETIREMENT

First Super Allocated Pension

When you retire, you may need to substitute or supplement your income. A First Super Allocated Pension converts your super into regular income in retirement. Money can be transferred into a First Super Allocated Pension from one or more super funds.

Members can choose the number of payments they wish to receive and their frequency, which can be fortnightly, monthly, quarterly, half-yearly or yearly. Members can also draw down lump sums. The minimum lump sum withdrawal is \$1,000. A lump sum withdrawal cannot occur until one regular income payment has been paid. This is a legal requirement that cannot be waived.

There are restrictions on the minimum amount that can be withdrawn from an Allocated Pension Account. At least one payment of a minimum amount must be made once a year. The minimum amount is a percentage of your account balance based on your age as shown in the table on this page.

There is no limit on the maximum withdrawal amount for a TTR Pension after reaching age 65 (a condition of release). Tax rules can change over time. To see the important tax features of the First Super Allocated Pension, go to the 'Tax' section on page 22 of this PDS for more information on income payments made between Preservation Age and under age 60, or over age 60.

RISKS

Risk and return

Understanding the relationship between risk and return is essential to making informed investment decisions. The level of risk suitable for each person will vary depending on age, investment time frame, other investments you have and your personal risk tolerance. Risk refers to the chance your investment has of losing value as investment conditions change, including the potential for negative returns.

There are risks with every type of investment. Even cash and low-risk Government bonds suffer from the risk of inflation.

All investments have the potential to increase in value, to decrease in value, or stay the same. An increase in value generates a positive return while a decrease in value generates a negative return. Generally, the greater an investment's potential return, the greater the risk associated with that investment.

There are a number of risks associated with investing in a TTR Pension or Allocated Pension that you should consider:

- > the value of the investment option you choose may rise or fall. The Fund's investment performance is not guaranteed, which means a person may lose some of their money
- > the level of return for each of the Fund's investment options will vary. Future returns may differ from past returns
- > different investment options carry different levels of risk, depending on the assets that make up the strategy. Assets with the highest long-term returns may also carry the highest level of short-term risk. See the Your Investment Choice section of this PDS (page 11) for more about First Super's investment options
- > laws affecting superannuation, taxation or social security may change at any time
- > there might be changes in the economic, technological or political climate that affect the investment
- > changes to inflation might affect the value of a Pension Account
- > the value of a person's Pension Account might not be enough to provide adequately for the rest of their life.

It is important to know the facts about risk and return before investing. The level of risk suitable for each person will vary depending on a range of factors including your age, investment time frame, other investments you have and your own personal risk tolerance.

INVESTMENTS

Investment risks

There are a number of investment risks you should consider:

Adequacy	Is the risk that your super savings won't provide enough retirement income for as long as you'll need it.
Inflation	Inflation may exceed the return on your investment. The Fund aims to reduce this risk by investing in assets that are expected to generate returns in excess of inflation over the medium term.
Individual investment risk	Individual investments the Fund purchases can (and do) fall in value for many reasons, such as changes in the internal operations or management of a fund or company or changes in the business environment. The Fund aims to reduce these risks through diversified holdings of assets and careful risk analysis of assets acquired.
Market risk	Economic, technological, political or legal conditions and even market sentiment can (and do) change, and this can mean that changes in the value of investment markets can affect the value of investments in the Fund. The Fund aims to reduce market risk through diversification of the portfolio across asset classes, countries and investment managers.
Interest rate risk	Changes in interest rates can have a positive or negative impact directly or indirectly on investment values or returns.
Currency risk	First Super invests in other countries and if their currencies change in value relative to the Australian dollar, the value of the investment can change. The Fund undertakes currency strategies with the goal of reducing the impact of adverse movements in the dollar.
Derivatives risk	A derivative is an investment which derives its value from another investment such as an asset, index or interest rate. Derivatives can be used to reduce investment risk, but can also be high risk investments. First Super limits the use of derivatives to avoid high risk. The Fund and its managers may use derivatives to reduce the risk or gain exposure to other types of investments when deemed appropriate. Risks associated with these derivatives include:
	> the value of the derivative failing to move in line with the underlying asset
	> potential illiquidity of the derivative
	the Fund not being able to meet payment obligations as they arisecounterparty risk.
	First Super aims to keep derivative risk to a minimum by constantly monitoring the Fund's exposure to derivative contracts and by entering into derivative contracts only with reputable counterparties.
Fund risk	First Super aims to keep Fund risk to a minimum by always aiming to act in members' best interests.
Changes to superannuation law	Changes are frequently made to superannuation and tax law and Government benefits which may affect your ability to access your investment.
Changes to taxation	Changes can occur to the taxation of superannuation which may affect the value of your benefit.
Liquidity	Liquidity refers to the ability to convert an investment into cash with little or no loss of capital and minimum delay. Some investments, such as direct property, are relatively illiquid compared to others, such as shares.

INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Diversification

Diversification means not putting all your eggs in the one basket. By spreading your money across different asset classes (for example, shares, property, fixed interest and cash), you can effectively spread the risk, reducing the likelihood of poor returns on the overall value of investment.

First Super invests in a range of asset classes managed by leading Australian and international investment managers. You will find details of the strategic asset allocation of each of the five First Super investment options on pages 11 to 13. Details of the latest asset allocation are available in the Annual Report each year or online.

What is Currency Hedging?

Currency Hedging is an investment or contract that reduces the impact of adverse currency movements on investment returns by taking an offsetting or contradictory position in a related security. For example, international shares might perform well but the gains could be lost by changes in the value of the Australian dollar. First Super may hedge its international investments to reduce the impact of adverse currency movements. First Super's currency exposure is reviewed frequently to ensure that it remains appropriate from a risk management perspective. Please contact us for further information about our current hedging levels.

Investment types

First Super Pensions offer members a choice of five investment options: Shares Plus, Growth, Balanced*, Conservative Balanced and Cash. The five investment options are invested in a mix of two types of investment – growth investments and defensive investments.

> Growth investments

Include investments such as Australian and International shares. These are likely to go up and down in terms of performance from year to year, but have the potential to grow in real terms over the long-term (which is at least five years).

> Defensive investments

Include investments such as fixed interest and cash. These are the types of investments used when trying to protect your investment from the chance of a negative return. They tend to produce lower long-term returns, but are more stable.

First Super's property investments and infrastructure investments can be classified as partly defensive and partly growth assets. This is due to the structure of the underlying investments, which are chosen for their strong income yield, wide diversification across different types of property and infrastructure assets, geographic location and solid longer-term revenue streams.

Except for the Cash investment option, each investment option has a target allocation to different types of investments. This helps determine the risk of each investment option. Each investment option also has a range of exposures to different types of investment, which is used to adjust the makeup of the investment options as economic conditions change. Because investment options are managed with a view to achieving the stated investment objectives, investments can be held outside of the range of exposures shown, though this is not usual.

As a general rule, your investment decision should be based on your own risk profile and time horizon, your willingness to take risk and how long the money will be invested.

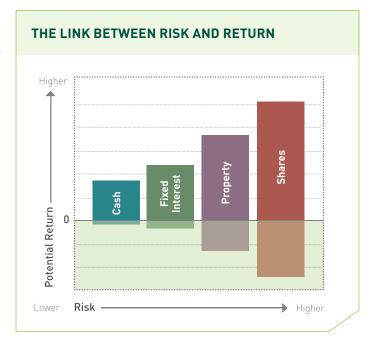
The risk/return profile of the main asset classes

The graph below illustrates the relationship between higher returns and greater risk. It does not reflect the actual returns or risks

The link between risk and return

Generally, investment in high-risk assets will produce higher returns over the long-term, with a greater chance of a negative return over the short-term.

Each of the four main asset classes – shares, property, fixed interest and cash – has different levels of risk and different potential for returns.



#This is the default option. If you don't choose an investment option your account will be invested in the Balanced option.

INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Understanding asset classes

First Super invests across a range of asset classes. These include:

Shares (Australian and International)

Provide part ownership of a company. Earnings are derived from dividends and profits (or losses) gained through changes in the share price. Historically, shares have outperformed all asset classes over the long-term, but short-term volatility has seen negative returns recorded in some years.

Property (Australian and International)

Includes commercial, industrial and retail real estate, held directly or indirectly with other investors through a property trust. Earnings are derived through rental income and increases (or decreases) in value over time. Historically, property investments have produced medium to high returns over the long-term but carry a medium to high level of risk. It is possible for this investment class to give negative returns in some years.

Fixed Interest (Australian and International)

Involves the purchase of interest-bearing debt securities issued by governments and businesses. These investments are held for a set period of time in exchange for a set rate of return. Historically, fixed interest investments produce a medium level of return and carry a medium level of risk. It is possible for this asset class to give negative returns in some years.

Cash and guaranteed investments

Generally take the form of term deposits and short term bank bills. Interest is earned on the cash invested. Historically, cash investments provide a lower rate of return but with the lowest level of risk. Regardless of the lower level of risk, it is possible for this asset class to give negative returns in some years.

Alternative assets

Alternative assets generally provides unique return and risk profiles and typically do not fit within traditional asset classes such as shares, property, fixed interest and cash. Examples of alternative assets may include absolute return funds (e.g. hedge funds), private markets and infrastructure etc. First Super reviews each asset class to determine where it best fits as some alternative assets may be considered to have more growth characteristics than defensive characteristics. It is possible for this asset class to give negative returns in some years.

Standard Risk Measure

The Standard Risk Measure allows you to compare investment options on the basis of investment volatility. The lower the risk band number, the less likely it is that an investment option will deliver a negative return. The Australian Prudential Regulation Authority (APRA) requires that all super funds use the Standard Risk Measure to grade investment options (see the below table).

Risk Band	Risk Label	Estimated number of negative annual returns over any 20-year period
1	Very low	Less than 0.5
2	Low	0.5 to less than 1
3	Low to medium	1 to less than 2
4	Medium	2 to less than 3
5	Medium to high	3 to less than 4
6	High	4 to less than 6
7	Very high	6 or greater

Important note: The Trustee does not suggest or imply that Standard Risk Measure is a realistic or reliable measure of investment risk. In particular, the Trustee points out that:

- > it contains no estimate of the potential size of an estimated negative return
- > it provides no measure for the risk that a positive return might be less than you need to meet your investment objectives
- > there is no sound reason to assume that investment markets in the future will mirror projections or actual risk performance in the past
- > it is not clear that there is sufficient reliable information to make a 20-year projection in circumstances that have, and continue to, emerge following the global financial crisis.

How we calculate the risk band and risk label for each investment option

The risk band and risk level reflect the estimated number of negative annual returns over any 20-year period expected for each investment option. The estimated number is calculated by our asset consultants in good faith using a range of assumptions that may or may not prove to be reliable over a 20-year period.

YOUR INVESTMENT CHOICE

First Super lets you choose how your TTR Pension or Allocated Pension is invested. Members can choose to invest in any one or a combination of the following five investment options:

- **Shares Plus** Growth **Balanced Conservative Balanced** Cash
- Members can change their investment option. provided they have an account balance of at least \$1.000.
- When you invest in First Super's pension products, your funds will be automatically invested in the Balanced option – our default investment option – unless you make an investment choice.

Split to make up your own mix

You can split your TTR Pension or Allocated Pension in any percentage across the five investment options to more closely fit your investment risk/return profile.

Example 1

50% in Balanced + 50% in Shares Plus = 100%

Example 2

25% in Cash + 50% in Conservative Balanced + 25% in Growth = 100%

If you'd like to discuss your investment options, we have a team of Financial Planners who can help. To book an appointment, call the First Super Member Services Team on 1300 360 988 or email mail@firstsuper.com.au.

Pension investment options

Shares Plus

Objectives

- > Achieve an investment return (after tax and investment expenses) that exceeds inflation, as measured by the Consumer Price Index, by at least 4.5% per annum over rolling ten-year periods
- Confine the chance of the rate credited to members falling below zero in any financial year to less than one in four
- Achieve an investment return (after tax and investment expenses) that exceeds the median of the SuperRatings High Growth (91-100) Option Survey over rolling five-year periods.

Investor profile

This investment option is likely to appeal to members with a long-term view of their super savings and/or who are prepared to accept higher risk in the search for higher returns.

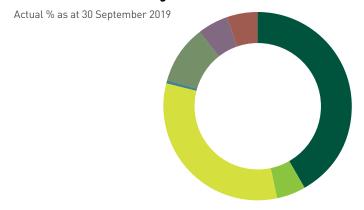
Risk profile

The Shares Plus option is likely to provide a high degree of volatility and fluctuations in returns and is at the high end of the risk/return range. The risk may increase by the nature of overseas investments, which means that this option is subject to the considerable extra risk of currency fluctuations and international events. It is likely to outperform the other investment options offered over the long term.

Standard risk

LIKELIHOOD OF NEGATIVE RETURNS: 4.3 IN EVERY 20 YEARS RISK BAND: 6 RISK LABEL: HIGH

Asset allocation and ranges



Asset class	Actual	Range
Australian Listed Equities	41.8%	15-40%
Australian Unlisted Equities	5.0%	0-25%
 International Listed Equities 	32.3%	5-40%
 International Unlisted Equities 	0.5%	0-5%
 Australian Unlisted Property 	10.1%	0-20%
 Australian Unlisted Infrastructure 	5.1%	0-10%
 International Unlisted Infrastructure 	5.2%	0-10%

Growth

Objectives

- > Achieve an investment return (after tax and investment expenses) that exceeds inflation, as measured by the Consumer Price Index, by at least 4.25% per annum over rolling ten-year periods
- Confine the chance of the rate credited to members falling below zero in any financial year to less than one in five
- Achieve an investment return (after tax and investment expenses) that exceeds the median of the SuperRatings Default Option Survey over rolling five-year periods.

Investor profile

This option is likely to appeal to members who are prepared to accept higher investment risk in the search for higher returns, but also wish to reduce the risk of very large investment losses by diversifying into some defensive assets.

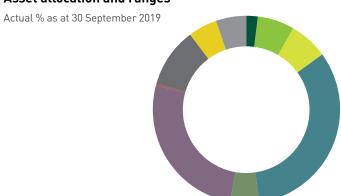
Risk profile

The Growth option is likely to provide a high degree of volatility and fluctuations in returns. It has a lower investment risk/ return profile than the Shares Plus option because it has a higher exposure to defensive assets. Over the long term it is likely to outperform the other investment options except for Shares Plus.

Standard risk

LIKELIHOOD OF NEGATIVE RETURNS: 3.6 IN EVERY 20 YEARS RISK BAND: 5 RISK LABEL: MEDIUM TO HIGH

Asset allocation and ranges



Asset class	Actual	Range
Cash	2.0%	0-15%
Australian Fixed Income	6.5%	0-40%
 International Fixed Income 	6.5%	0-40%
Australian Listed Equities	32.9%	15-40%
Australian Unlisted Equities	5.0%	0-25%
 International Listed Equities 	26.3%	5-40%
 International Unlisted Equities 	0.5%	0-5%
 Australian Unlisted Property 	10.1%	0-20%
Australian Unlisted Infrastructure	5.1%	0-10%
 International Unlisted Infrastructure 	5.1%	0-10%

Balanced

Objectives

- > Achieve an investment return (after tax and investment expenses) that exceeds inflation, as measured by the Consumer Price Index, by at least 4.0% per annum over rolling ten-year periods
- Confine the chance of the rate credited to members falling below zero in any financial year to less than one in eight
- Achieve an investment return (after tax and investment expenses) that exceeds the median of the SuperRatings Default Option Survey over rolling five-year periods.

Investor profile

This investment option is likely to appeal to members seeking mid to long-term growth of their super along with diversification across asset classes.

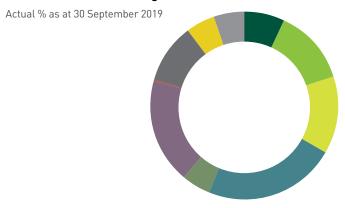
Risk profile

Designed to provide good growth over the mid to long term while reducing risk through diversification. Likely to slightly underperform against the Shares Plus and Growth options over the long term.

Standard risk

LIKELIHOOD OF NEGATIVE RETURNS: 2.5 IN EVERY 20 YEARS RISK BAND: 4 RISK LABEL: MEDIUM

Asset allocation and ranges



Asset class	Actual	Range
● Cash	7.0%	0-15%
 Australian Fixed Income 	13.2%	0-40%
International Fixed Income	13.2%	0-40%
 Australian Listed Equities 	22.9%	15-40%
 Australian Unlisted Equities 	5.0%	0-25%
 International Listed Equities 	17.9%	5-40%
 International Unlisted Equities 	0.5%	0-5%
 Australian Unlisted Property 	10.1%	0-20%
Australian Unlisted Infrastructure	5.1%	0-10%
International Unlisted Infrastructure	5.1%	0-10%

Conservative Balanced

Objectives

- > Achieve an investment return (after tax and investment expenses) that exceeds inflation, as measured by increases in the Consumer Price Index, by at least 3.0% per annum over rolling ten-year periods
- Confine the chance of the rate credited to members falling below zero in any financial year to less than one in thirteen
- > Achieve an investment return (after tax and investment expenses) that exceeds the median of the SuperRatings Conservative Balanced (41 – 59) Option Survey over rolling five-year periods.

Investor profile

Members investing for the short to medium term who want a more secure option with less chance of fluctuations than the Shares Plus, Growth or Balanced options and/or members looking for lower risk options for their super savings.

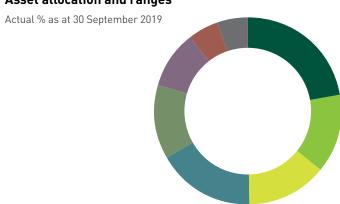
Risk profile

Designed to provide more stable returns than the Shares Plus, Growth or Balanced options. It is at the lower end of the risk/ return range and is likely to underperform against the Shares Plus, Growth or Balanced options over the medium to long term.

Standard risk

LIKELIHOOD OF NEGATIVE RETURNS: 1.5 IN EVERY 20 YEARS. RISK BAND: 3 RISK LABEL: LOW TO MEDIUM

Asset allocation and ranges



Asset class	Actual	Range
Cash	22.4%	0-15%
 Australian Fixed Income 	13.7%	0-40%
 International Fixed Income 	13.7%	0-40%
 Australian Listed Equities 	16.9%	15-40%
 International Listed Equities 	12.9%	5-40%
Australian Unlisted Property	10.1%	0-20%
 Australian Unlisted Infrastructure 	5.1%	0-10%
 International Unlisted Infrastructure 	5.2%	0-10%

Cash

Objectives

- > Achieve an investment return (after tax and investment expenses) that exceeds the Bloomberg Ausbond Bank Bill Index over rolling five-year periods.
- > Confine the chance of the rate credited to members falling below zero in any financial year being negligible

Investor profile

Members investing for the short term and/or those who want a secure option with a low chance of investment fluctuations. This may be suitable for members intending to realise or reorganise their investments in the near future who want to avoid the possibility of a loss over that period.

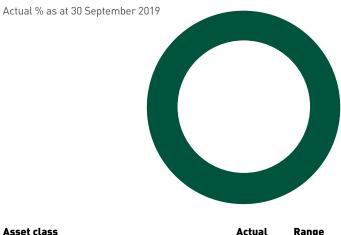
Risk profile

Designed to provide very stable returns at the lowest end of the risk/return range. However, it is likely to underperform all other investment options offered over all but the shortest periods.

Standard risk

LIKELIHOOD OF NEGATIVE RETURNS: 0.0 IN EVERY 20 YEARS RISK BAND: 1 RISK LABEL: VERY LOW

Asset allocation and ranges



Asset class	Actual	Range
Cash	100%	0-100%

YOUR INVESTMENT CHOICE (CONTINUED)

Crediting Pension Accounts

Your TTR Pension or Allocated Pension account earns investment income at the Fund's declared crediting rate*. The crediting rate used will depend on the investment option(s) you have selected.

After the end of the financial year (30 June) or when you leave the Fund, First Super will adjust your account based on the monthly performance of each investment option after deducting tax and fees and allowing for reserves.

At the end of the financial year, the amount applied to your account is based on your daily account balance throughout the financial year and the related monthly performance for your investment option.

Net investment returns are allocated to your account at 30 June (your member statement will be available in September), or when you fully withdraw (exit) or fully transfer out of First Super.

Therefore, it is likely that you will have different closing balances in your account throughout the year as a result of transactions in your account (contributions, taxation, insurance, administration fees and so on).

You should also take into account that returns can fluctuate up or down and may be negative in some years as they reflect changes in investment markets and asset values. The actual returns are based on the performance of the underlying investments and First Super does not guarantee or promise any specific rate of return.

Interim crediting rates

First Super determines interim rates of earnings that are applied to your entire account balance if you leave the Fund during the year. These interim earning rates are calculated

based on the declared monthly returns to the date of exit plus the estimated investment returns for any part week up to that date.

Socially responsible investing (SRI)

When making investment decisions, the Trustee and the Fund's investment managers take into account the expected return and performance of investments. When making these decisions, they may consider social, ethical or environmental considerations or labour standards of companies within the portfolio (SRI considerations) from time to time to the extent that these may materially impact on the performance objectives of the Fund. First Super has not set any specific SRI considerations, nor timeframes and methodologies for monitoring and reviewing them.

History of investment returns

The long-term crediting rates of the Fund to 30 June 2019 are shown in the table below. First Super commenced on 1 July 2008+ with four investment options. Three of these (Balanced, Shares Plus and Cash) were a continuation of pre-existing investment options within the old Timber Industry Superannuation Scheme (TISS) and one (Conservative Balanced) was completely new. The Allocated Pensions' Growth option commenced on 10 August 2013. Until 31 October 2009:

- > the Balanced option was called the Growth investment
- > the Shares Plus option was called the High Growth investment option
- > the Conservative Balanced option was called the Conservative Growth option
- > the Cash investment option was called the Capital Stable option.

Investment returns % p.a. to 30 June 2019

Investment option	2018/19 financial year %	Past 2-year % p.a.	Past 5-year % p.a.	Past 10-year % p.a.	Return since inception %	Inception date
Balanced (default)	7.16	8.86	9.09	9.69	7.77	18 March 2005
Shares Plus	8.23	11.22	11.35	11.83	8.54	1 July 2005
Growth	7.92	10.50	10.64	n/a	10.91	10 Aug 2013
Conservative Balanced	6.40	7.62	7.69	8.62	6.74	1 July 2008
Cash	2.27	2.49	2.70	3.63	3.86	1 July 2005

^{*}Crediting rates and interim rates may be positive or negative. If the rate is positive your account increases. If the rate is negative, the amount in your

⁺First Super was formed on 30 June 2008 when the Furniture Industry Retirement Superannuation Trust and the Pulp & Paper Workers' Super Fund merged with the Timber Industry Super Scheme (TISS).

YOUR INVESTMENT CHOICE (CONTINUED)

Liquidity

Liquidity requirements are met through a combination of cash holdings in the investment options and cash flow from net contributions. A significant portion of invested funds can be withdrawn with 10 business days' notice. For less liquid investments, the Trustee will seek to negotiate a redemption process that allows the return of the funds as quickly as possible if demand requires it.

Policy on derivatives

The Trustee has not and does not intend to invest directly in derivatives. However, the Fund's investment managers have the discretion to invest in derivatives (for example, contracts, forward transactions and options), but only in accordance with relevant regulatory requirements and then only for the purpose of better managing the Fund's investments and not for the purpose of leveraging.

Payments may be delayed in special circumstances

In the event of any major change in underlying investment values (such as a major fluctuation in share markets), the Trustee may suspend benefit payments to prevent a run on funds and to allow time to determine an appropriate interim crediting rate.

How to make your investment choice

There are many factors to consider and we recommend you seek advice from a First Super Financial Planner.

- Consider your risk profile
- Consider your time horizon
- Balance your objectives with your risk profile and time horizon
- To make an investment choice, download an Investment Choice Application Form from firstsuper.com.au or call us and we'll send one to you.

A Financial Planner can help you determine your risk profile and identify the return required to meet your financial goals. They can help you understand investment risk and the choices you have available to you. The Financial Planner will also consider your personal circumstances (such as your age and dependants) when giving advice.

We're here to help. So let's talk.

If you have any questions, our Financial Planners can help. To book an appointment, call the First Super Member Services Team on 1300 360 988 8.00am to 6.00pm AEST/AEDT Monday to Friday or visit our website firstsuper.com.au/advice.

First Super Financial Planners are authorised representatives of Industry Fund Services Ltd (IFS) (ABN 54 007 016 195, AFSL 232514).

NOMINATING BENEFICIARIES

In the event of your death while you are a First Super member with a TTR Pension or Allocated Pension, the money remaining in your account is not lost. Your Pension account will be treated in accordance with the law depending on whether you nominate a reversionary beneficiary; nominate one or more beneficiaries to receive your lump sum; or do neither.

You have three options when deciding what happens to your money in the event of your death:

1. Reversionary Beneficiary

Under this option, a reversionary beneficiary will continue to receive your Pension payments in the event of your death. A reversionary beneficiary must be:

- > your spouse (including a de facto and same sex spouse)
- > a child (including a step-child) who is under 18, or financially dependent and less than 25, or has a disability.

You can nominate a reversionary beneficiary when you complete the application form to become a member, and can change your nomination by advising us in writing at any time.*

A reversionary beneficiary has much the same rights as the original member. Among other things, the beneficiary can:

- > choose to be paid a lump sum
- > set their own level of regular payment within the limits imposed by law
- > set their own investment strategy.

2. Nomination of Beneficiary

To nominate one or more people to receive your lump sum death benefit you can make either a Binding or Non-Binding Nomination of Beneficiary by completing the Membership Application Form at the back of this PDS.

A Binding Nomination of Beneficiary

Allows you to provide written instruction about who you wish to receive the balance of your Pension account in the event of your death. The Trustee is legally bound to follow your instruction, providing it is legally valid and the person(s) nominated qualify for payment under the law as a dependant when the benefit is paid. A Binding Nomination is valid for three years and overrides a Non-Binding Nomination.

* This may affect Centrelink entitlements, please contact our Member Services Team for further information on 1300 360 988.

A Non-Binding Nomination of Beneficiary

Allows you to nominate the people you would prefer to receive the balance of your Pension account in the event of your death. The nomination will be taken into account when making a payment, but the Trustee must ultimately decide who should receive your Benefit according to the law.

Payment will usually be made to one or more of your dependants or your legal personal representative.

Who is a dependant?

Under superannuation law, a dependant is generally a child, spouse (including a de facto or same sex spouse). a financial dependant, or a person with whom you have an interdependency relationship.

Two people may have an interdependency relationship if:

- > they have a close personal relationship
- > they live together
- > one or each of them provides the other with financial
- > one or each of them provides the other with domestic support and personal care.

An interdependency relationship may also exist where there is a close personal relationship between two people who do not satisfy other criteria because either or both of them suffer from a physical, intellectual or psychiatric disability.

3. If you do not make a choice

If you do not make a nomination of beneficiary or nominate a reversionary beneficiary to receive your Benefit, the Trustee must decide who receives the value of your Pension account according to the law. The Trustee will make a lump sum payment to one or more of your dependants or your legal personal representative. If you don't have dependants or a legal personal representative, the Trustee will attempt to identify another person to receive the balance of your Pension account. If no other person can be located, the balance of your Pension account will be paid to the relevant state or Commonwealth Government lost money fund.

FEES AND OTHER COSTS

The statement below is information required to be provided in this PDS under Government Regulations.

CONSUMER ADVISORY WARNING

Did you know? Small differences in both investment performance and fees and costs can have a substantial impact on your long-term returns. For example, total annual fees and costs of 2% of your fund balance rather than 1% could reduce your final return by up to 20% over a 30-year period (for example, reduce it from \$100,000 to \$80,000). You should consider whether features such as superior investment performance or the provision of better member services justify higher fees and costs. You or your employer, as applicable, may be able to negotiate to pay lower fees.# Ask the Fund or your Financial Planner.

To find out more

If you would like to find out more, or see the impact of the fees based on your own circumstances, the Australian Securities and Investments Commission (ASIC) website: moneysmart.gov.au has a superannuation fee calculator to help you check out different fee options.

This section shows fees and other costs that you may be charged. These fees and costs may be deducted from your account, from the returns on your investment or from the Fund assets as a whole. Other fees, such as activity fees, advice fees for personal advice and insurance fees, may also be charged, but these will depend on the nature of the activity, advice or insurance chosen by you. Entry fees and exit fees cannot be charged. Taxes are explained in further detail in the following section. You should read all of the information about fees and costs because it is important to understand their impact on your investment.

First Super Allocated Pensions

Type of fee	Amount		How and when paid		
Investment fee ^{1,2}	Balanced 0. Conservative Balanced 0. Growth 1.	1.03% p.a. 1.97% p.a. 1.46% p.a. .05% p.a .12% p.a.	This is a cost of making investments. It is paid by the Fund and is deducted from the Fund's gross investment earnings before net earnings are credited to your account balance.		
Administration fee ¹	0.38% p.a. of your account bal \$1,750 p.a.	lance, capped at	Calculated and deducted from accounts at the enofeach month based on average account balance during the month. This fee is capped at \$1,750 p.a.		
Buy-sell spread	Nil		Not applicable.		
Switching fee	Nil for the first two switches each year, \$30 for any subsequent switches in the year.		Deducted from your account when the switch is processed.		
Advice fees Relating to all members investing in the product.	\$6.06 p.a.		This is a cost of providing intrafund advice and education to members. It is paid by the Fund and is deducted from the Fund's gross investment earnings before net earnings are credited to your account balance.		
Other fees and costs			Please see 'Additional explanation of fees and costs' on page 20.		
Indirect cost ratio ^{1,2}	Balanced 0. Conservative Balanced 0. Growth 0.	1.00% p.a. 1.04% p.a. 1.03% p.a. 1.06% p.a. 1.08% p.a.	Indirect Cost Ratio is deducted from investment earnings before investment returns are declared. See 'Indirect Cost Ratio' on page 19.		

¹ If your account balance for a product offered by the superannuation entity is less than \$6,000 at the end of the entity's income year, the total combined amount of administration fees, investment fees and indirect costs charged to you is capped at 3% of the account balance. Any amount charged in excess of that cap must be refunded.

The fees are inclusive of GST, less any input tax credits (and any applicable stamp duty if relevant).

²The investment fee and ICR are estimated for the financial year ended 30 June 2019 and may include performance fees. Because the investment fee and ICR are estimates based on the previous financial year's investment performance, fees and costs payable in respect of each future year may be higher or lower than disclosed.

[#]The Fund is required by law to include this; however, neither you or your employer may negotiate fees. No contribution fees are included in the fees of this product and the fees are not subject to negotiation.

FEES AND OTHER COSTS (CONTINUED)

Example of annual fees and costs for the Balanced option

This table gives an example of how fees and costs for the Balanced option for this product can affect your investment over a one-year period. You should use this table to compare this product with other account-based pension products.

Example – Balanced option		Balance of \$50,000	
Investment fee	0.97% p.a.	For every \$50,000 you have in the Balanced option you will be charged \$485 p.a.	
PLUS Administration fees	0.38% p.a. (subject to a cap of \$1,750 p.a.)	And , you will be charged \$190 in administration fees (\$50,000 x 0.38%).	
PLUS Indirect costs for the pension product	0.04% p.a.	And , indirect costs of \$20 each year will be deducted from your investment.	
EQUALS Cost of product		If your balance was \$50,000, then for that year you will be charged fees of \$695 * for the pension product	

^{*} Additional fees may apply.



FEES AND OTHER COSTS (CONTINUED)

Defined fees

Activity fees

A fee is an activity fee if:

- a the fee relates to costs incurred by the Trustee of the superannuation entity that are directly related to an activity of the Trustee:
 - i) that is engaged in at the request, or with the consent, of a member; or
 - ii) that relates to a member and is required by law; and
- b) those costs are not otherwise charged as an administration fee, an investment fee, a buy-sell spread, a switching fee, an advice fee or an insurance fee.

Administration fees

An administration fee is a fee that relates to the administration or operation of the superannuation entity and includes costs that relate to that administration or operation, other than:

- a) borrowing costs; and
- b) indirect costs that are not paid out of the superannuation entity that the Trustee has elected in writing will be treated as indirect costs and not fees, incurred by the Trustee of the entity or in an interposed vehicle or derivative financial product; and
- c) costs that are otherwise charged as an investment fee, a buy-sell spread, a switching fee, an activity fee, an advice fee or an insurance fee.

Advice fees

A fee is an advice fee if:

- a) the fee relates directly to costs incurred by the Trustee of the superannuation entity because of the provision of financial product advice to a member by:
 - i) a trustee of the entity; or
 - ii) another person acting as an employee of, or under an arrangement with, the Trustee of the entity; and
- b) those costs are not otherwise charged as an administration fee, an investment fee, a switching fee, an activity fee or an insurance fee.

Buy-sell spreads

A buy-sell spread is a fee to recover transaction costs incurred by the Trustee of the superannuation entity in relation to the sale and purchase of assets of the entity.

Exit fees

An exit fee is a fee, other than a buy-sell spread, that relates to the disposal of all or part of a member's interests in a superannuation entity.

Indirect cost ratio (ICR)

The ICR, for a MySuper product or an investment option offered by a superannuation entity, is the ratio of the total of the indirect costs for the MySuper product or investment option, to the total average net assets of the superannuation entity attributed to the MySuper product or investment

Note: A fee deducted from a member's account or paid out of the superannuation entity is not an indirect cost.

Investment fees

An investment fee is a fee that relates to the investment of the assets of a superannuation entity and includes:

- a) fees in payment for the exercise of care and expertise in the investment of those assets (including performance fees); and
- b) costs that relate to the investment of assets of the entity, other than:
 - i) borrowing costs; and
 - ii) indirect costs that are not paid out of the superannuation entity that the Trustee has elected in writing will be treated as indirect costs and not fees, incurred by the trustee of the entity or in an interposed vehicle or derivative financial product; and
 - iii) costs that are otherwise charged as an administration fee, a buy-sell spread, a switching fee, an activity fee, an advice fee or an insurance fee.

Note: The costs referred to in paragraph (b) do not include transactional and operational costs referred to in paragraphs (b), (ea) and (eb) of the definition of transactional and operational costs.

Switching fees

A switching fee for a superannuation products other than a MySuper product, is a fee to recover the costs of switching all or part of a member's interest in the superannuation entity from one investment option or product in the entity to another.

FEES AND OTHER COSTS (CONTINUED)

Transactional and operational costs

Transactional and operational costs include:

(a) brokerage

(b) buy-sell spreads

(c) settlement costs (including custody costs)

(d) clearing costs;

(e) stamp duty on an investment transaction

- (ea) where an asset is acquired other than through a financial market, any part of the acquisition price of the asset that exceeds the price at which the asset could have been disposed of;
- (eb) where an asset is acquired through a financial market, any part of the acquisition price of the asset that exceeds the bid price in the financial market that would apply without the acquisition having occurred
 - (i) immediately following the acquisition; or
 - (ii) if the acquisition was a part of multiple acquisitions reflecting a single and non-recurring instruction to acquire, after the last acquisition made in accordance with the instruction.

Additional explanation of fees and costs

Low balance account fee cap

If your account balance is less than \$6,000 at the end of the financial year, the total combined amount of administration fees, investment fees and indirect costs charged to you is capped at 3% of the account balance. If you only hold an account for part of the financial year the 3% cap will apply to your account on a pro rata basis. Any amount charged in excess of that cap will be refunded.

Activity fees

Activity fees that may apply to your account include Family Law fees.

Family Law fees

The following fees apply for actions under the Family Law Act 1975 (Cth):

- > **Request for information:** \$55.00 charged to the First Super account if the member makes the request, or charged to the person making the request if requested by another party
- > **Process a payment split:** \$55.00 charged to the spouse account if established in the Fund, or paid by the spouse if established elsewhere
- > Process a flagging agreement: Nil.

Government tax and charges

Applicable Government taxes and charges will be deducted from your First Super account. These deductions will be shown on your Member Statements. Please see the 'Tax' section of this PDS (page 22) for more information. If applicable, the fees are shown inclusive of GST after applying reduced input tax credits, (which lower the effective rate of GST). Where it is possible to do so, the benefits of any tax deduction are applied to the benefit of members of the Fund in the form of lower costs or higher net earnings.

What is paid to your Financial Planner?

No commissions are paid to First Super Financial Planners.

Indirect Cost Ratio (ICR)

The ICR changes from year to year depending on actual costs incurred.

The ICR disclosed in this PDS relates to the estimates for the 2018/19 financial year.

Property operating costs

Property operating costs are additional cost that are paid or payable in relation to the holding of real property or an interest in real property, but do not include any borrowing cost, amounts paid or payable relating to the acquisition or disposal of real property or an interest in real property. It is not a management cost.

The property operating costs are shown below:

Investment option	Cost
Balanced	0.07% p.a.
Conservative Balanced	0.07% p.a.
Growth	0.07% p.a.
Shares Plus	0.07% p.a.

The Cash option has a nil property operating cost. The property operating costs comprise estimated costs for the financial year ending 30 June 2019. Property operating costs payable in respect of future years may be higher or lower.

Investment performance fees for the 2018/19 financial year

The following table below shows all investment performance fees that may be paid to investment managers. The fees shown are not additional costs; any performance fees incurred have been included in the investment fees. The estimated performance fees for the 2018/19 financial year are zero. These investment performance fees are not deducted from member accounts and do not affect administration fees. They are deducted from investment returns before crediting rates are declared.

Investment	Performance fee
Allan Gray	20% of outperformance over the Standard & Poors / Australian Stock Exchange 300 Accumulation Index, subject to reaching a high water mark.
Eley Griffiths Australia Equities	15% of performance above the Standard & Poors / Australian Stock Exchange Small Ordinaries Accumulation Index plus 2% per annum, subject to an annual maximum performance fee cap of 1.35% of the average value of the portfolio, a positive return and satisfaction of a high watermark condition.
FIRE II International Property	A performance fee of 10% of distributable proceeds, plus GST, is payable after the return of total aggregate Capital Contributions and Hurdle Return. The Hurdle Return is investment returns over 10% per annum.
ROC Alternative Investment Trust III	10% of realised returns on co-investments on a deal by deal basis.
ROC Alternative Investment Trust IV	10% of realised returns on co-investments on a deal by deal basis.
Orbis Global Equities Fund	25% of out performance over MSCI World Index ex-Australia, refundable at the same rate if the superior performance is subsequently lost. A maximum of 2% of accumulated performance fee will be paid each year which is not refundable in the future.
QIC Property Fund	15% of the out performance above the Mercer / IPD Diversified Property Fund Index, capped at 100% of the annual management fee.
Stafford Australian Private Equity Mandate	5% of any distribution above 10% per annum Cumulative Return Hurdle.
Westbourne Infrastructure Debt	12.5% of any Cumulative Realised Return above the Cumulative Return Hurdle, which is 4% performance (before fees and expenses) above the UBS Australian Bank Bill Index.

Increases or alterations in fees

First Super reserves the right to change the fees charged at any time. Should fees increase, we will ensure you are notified in writing at least 30 days before any increase takes effect. In addition to the fees shown above, the Trustee may also pay the following out of the Fund:

- > Any new, special, unexpected or increased tax, fee or levy required by the Government or a Government regulator
- > Any new, special, unexpected or increased cost passed on by a service provider
- > Any additional cost deemed necessary or appropriate by the Trustee for the proper operation of the Fund.

Where these are not met by fees charged to members, they will be reflected in ICR calculations.

TΔX

The way taxation affects your TTR Pension or Allocated Pension will depend on your circumstances. The following information should be used as a guide only. Further and current information is available from the Australian Taxation Office (ATO) on 13 10 20 or ato.gov.au/super or speak to one of our Financial Planners on 1300 360 988.

Cap on pension size

There is a \$1.6 million cap on the total amount of superannuation savings that can be transferred from superannuation to a TTR Pension or to an Allocated Pension.

Earnings tax

The investment earnings of TTR Pensions are taxed at 15%. The investment earnings of Allocated Pensions are taxed at 0%. Further, superannuation income stream payments are no longer treated as lump sums for tax minimisation purposes.

Set up

Generally, there is no tax payable when setting up an income stream unless you transfer funds from a superannuation fund that has not been subject to tax (usually Government schemes). In these cases the untaxed element will be taxable at 15%.

Tax on income payments

Over 60: If you are 60 or over, no tax is payable on your income stream payments or lump sum withdrawals irrespective of whether or not you have provided your Tax File Number (TFN). However, payments are reportable for Centrelink purposes.

Under 60: If you are under age 60, income stream payments may have a tax-free component and a taxable component. Tax is payable on the taxable component. The tax treatment of the benefit depends on whether it is paid as an income stream/irregular income stream or lump sum.

What is the tax-free portion?

The tax-free portion is calculated when your income stream account is set up.

The tax-free portion is part of the amount used to start your Pension expressed as a percentage of the total amount. If your initial tax-free amount was \$40,000 and your total amount was \$100,000, the percentage of every payment that is tax free would be 40%.

The tax-free amount is made up of a 'contributions' segment and a 'crystallised' component:

- > the Contributions component is made up of contributions made from 1 July 2007 which have not been subject to tax in a superannuation fund, such as after-tax contributions and Government Co-contribution
- > the Crystallised component is made up of concessionally taxed components that existed before 1 July 2007.

Taxation of income stream payments

No tax is payable on the tax-free portion of your income stream payment.

If you are under age 60, the taxable component of your income stream payment will be taxed at your personal marginal tax rate (plus Medicare and other levies), subject to a 15% tax offset that may apply.

Generally, you will be able to claim the 15% tax offset if you are at or over your Preservation Age but under age 60, or if you have suffered total and permanent disability.

The 15% tax offset is paid on the taxed element of the taxable component.

PAYG withholding tax will be deducted from your income stream payments and remitted to the ATO. If you are under age 60 and we do not have your TFN, tax will be withheld from the taxable component of your income stream payments at the highest marginal rate (plus Medicare and other levies).

Tax on lump sum withdrawals

No tax is payable on the tax-free portion of a lump sum withdrawal.

Tax is payable on the taxable portion of a lump sum payment.

If you are at or over your Preservation Age but under age 60, no tax is payable up to \$210,000 (indexed)*. Amounts over \$210,000 are taxed at 15% plus Medicare levy.

If you are under your Preservation Age, tax is payable at a flat rate of up to 20% plus Medicare levy.

PAYG withholding tax will be deducted from lump sum withdrawals and remitted to the ATO. If we do not have your TFN, tax will be withheld from the taxable component of any lump sum withdrawals at the highest marginal rate (plus Medicare and other levies).

^{*}This limit is applicable for the 2019/20 financial year and is indexed from time to time in line with annual movements in Average Weekly Ordinary Time Earnings (AWOTE).

TAX (CONTINUED)

Tax on death benefits

If the person receiving your death benefit is a dependant, a lump sum death benefit will be tax free. If the person is not a dependant, tax at a maximum rate of 15% plus Medicare levy on taxed elements and 30% plus Medicare levy on untaxed elements will be payable on the taxable component.

Payments to an estate or legal personal representative will be paid as a pre-tax lump sum and the estate will be responsible for tax treatment of the death benefit.

If a death benefit is paid as a reversionary income stream, the income stream will be tax free if either the deceased member was aged 60 or older at the time or death or if the reversionary beneficiary is aged 60 or older. In all other cases the reversionary beneficiary will be taxed as is any other members of the fund.

Providing your Tax File Number

First Super is authorised by tax laws and the Superannuation Industry (Supervision) Act 1993 to request members' Tax File Numbers (TFNs) when joining First Super Allocated Pensions. If you provide your TFN, First Super will use it for lawful purposes only. First Super will treat your TFN as confidential, and will use your TFN for the following lawful purposes:

- > calculating and deducting tax on your pension payments (if applicable) and ensuring that any rebates you may be entitled to claim are taken into account
- > calculating tax on any super benefit to which you are entitled (if applicable), and providing information to the ATO
- > disclosing your TFN to another superannuation provider when your benefits are transferred, unless you request in writing that the TFN not be disclosed to any other superannuation provider.

You are not obliged by law to provide your TFN. However, if you choose not to provide your TFN, or you provide an incorrect TFN, you may pay tax at the highest marginal rate on your pension payments and/or any commutations you make. You may reclaim this through the income tax assessment process. If you have not already supplied your TFN you may do so by completing the Tax File Number Declaration form contained in this PDS. Furthermore, if you fail to provide your TFN we will be unable to accept all permitted types of contributions to your account/s (which will impact those with a TTR Pension), and it will make it difficult for us to find other superannuation accounts in your name if you wish to consolidate your super.

EXAMPLE

Colin is aged 64 and has chosen to receive \$10,000 p.a. from his First Super Allocated Pension account this year. His pension payment proportions are \$8,000 taxable and \$2.000 tax free.

As Colin is over age 60, First Super will not deduct tax from his pension payments.

As the payments are not taxable or assessable, First Super will not issue a PAYG statement at the end of the financial year.

CENTRELINK

Centrelink laws are complex and the Government may change these laws without notice.

We recommend that you discuss your circumstances with a financial advisor or Centrelink before deciding to invest in this product.

Assets Test

The total value of your First Super TTR Pension or Allocated Pension account is counted as an asset under the Assets Test

Income Test

The purchase price of your TTR Pension or Allocated Pension and the account balance at subsequent reviews is included as a 'Financial Asset' and subject to normal 'Deeming Rules' at the time of assessment. For more information, contact Centrelink

We're here to help. So let's talk.

If you have any questions, our Financial Planners can help. Call us on **1300 360 988 or visit firstsuper.com.au** to book an appointment.

GENERAL INFORMATION

Who manages First Super?

The Trustee manages the First Super Allocated Pension (Fund). The Trustee of First Super is First Super Pty Ltd (ABN 42 053 498 472 AFSL 223988), which is responsible for ensuring that the Fund is managed in accordance with the Trust Deed and the relevant law. First Super is a regulated fund, required to be audited and to lodge an annual return with the Australian Prudential Regulation Authority (APRA) each year.

The Board of the Trustee is made up of an equal number of employer and employee nominated Directors and two Independent Directors.

- Employee Directors are nominated by the Construction, Forestry, Maritime, Mining and Energy Union (CFMMEU) Manufacturing Division
- > Employer Directors may be nominated by employer associations or employer sponsors
- > Two Independent Directors are jointly appointed by the other Directors.

The Directors of the Trustee will change from time to time. You will find details of the Board of Directors in the First Super Annual Report each year which can be found in the PDS and Publications section of our website firstsuper.com.au.

Service providers#

First Super appoints professional advisors and service providers to assist in the day-to-day running of the Fund. These are appointed following a process of due diligence. At the date this document was prepared First Super used the following advisors and service providers:

Administration	Super Benefits Administration Pty Ltd*
External Auditor	PricewaterhouseCoopers
Internal Auditor	KPMG
Asset Consultant	Frontier Advisors Pty Ltd*
Master Custodian	BNP Paribas Securities Services
Tax Advisor	Ernst & Young
Actuary	Mercer (Australia) Pty Ltd
Legal Advisor	Madgwicks
Investment Managers	Eley Griffiths Group Pty Limited Industry Funds Management Pty Ltd* Perpetual Investment Management Ltd Stafford Private Equity Pty Ltd

^{*}First Super holds shares in this service provider as an investment.

[#] Advisors and service providers may change from time to time.

GENERAL INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

Benefit payouts

Most super benefits are preserved and must remain in the Australian super system until you reach retirement age. The rules about when you can access your benefit depend on whether it is classed as:

- Preserved
- > Restricted non-preserved
- > Unrestricted non-preserved.

Preserved benefit

You can access preserved benefits only on retirement from the workforce on or after reaching your Preservation Age (see the table on page 3).

Subject to the governing rules of the Fund, preserved benefits may be paid to you when one of the following conditions of release is satisfied:

- > you permanently retire from the workforce on or after your Preservation Age
- > you reach 65
- > employment is terminated after you reach 60
- > you are permanently incapacitated
- > you die (benefits will generally be paid to your dependants or legal personal representative
- > on severe financial hardship grounds (subject to certain conditions and Trustee approval)
- > on compassionate grounds as approved by the Australian Taxation Office (ATO)
- > on termination of employment where your preserved benefits are less than \$200
- > you are an eligible temporary resident who permanently departs Australia.

Once you reach your Preservation Age, you can also transfer your preserved benefits to a TTR Pension.

Restricted non-preserved benefits

Restricted non-preserved benefits can be accessed upon satisfaction of the same conditions of release. However, where you terminate your employment (for example, resignation, retrenchment, dismissal prior to retirement) with an employer who had at any time contributed to the Fund on your behalf, your restricted non-preserved benefits will become unrestricted non-preserved benefits and may be accessed at any time.

Unrestricted non-preserved benefits

Unrestricted non-preserved benefits are not subject to preservation and, subject to Fund rules, may be paid to you at any time without a change in your employment status.

The value of your non-preserved benefits was fixed on 1 July 1999 and will not increase unless you transfer or roll over non-preserved benefits from another fund or satisfy one of the conditions of release above. In some circumstances, the amount of your unrestricted non-preserved benefits may be reduced by negative investment returns and fees and charges where there is no preserved component from which these amounts may be deducted.

If you transfer or roll over benefits (including preserved benefits) to another complying superannuation fund at any time, the benefits will retain their status and remain subject to the preservation rules in the new fund.

Keeping you informed

As a member of First Super we will send to you:

- > a welcome letter once your Pension application form has been processed
- > a schedule for Centrelink, if applicable
- member statements effective 30 June and 31 December each year, showing your total benefit and details of the transactions made during the year
- > a PAYG payment summary for the financial year, if applicable
- > a variation notice (should you wish to change your account payment amount or frequency).

From time to time, you may receive other member communications including investment information and superannuation updates. Also, an Annual Report as at 30 June each year will be available from our website firstsuper.com.au by November each year or by calling us on 1300 360 988.

Access to your account online

Through our member portal, firstonline, you can:

- > View a full transaction history of your account;
- > View your personal contact details
- > View your current investment choice
- > View your nominated beneficiaries
- > Check we have your TFN.

You can access firstonline at firstsuper.com.au/login. Don't have a firstonline account or can't remember your login details? Call our Member Services Team on 1300 360 988 or email mail@firstsuper.com.au.

GENERAL INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

It's your money, so stay in touch

It's important that you tell us if you change address so you continue to receive all the information issued by First Super. You can do this via our member portal, firstonline, at firstsuper.com.au/login, or or you can call, email or write to us. If we do lose track of you, because we don't have your current address, you will be classified as a 'lost member'. Your details will go on the ATO's Lost Members Register. The ATO can be contacted on 13 10 20.

Lost members

Government legislation sets out when a member is considered lost. Generally, a member is 'lost' if at least two written communications sent by the Fund to the last known address were returned unclaimed.

A member may also be considered 'lost' if an account into which we have been instructed to make payments refuses to accept these payments, and we have been unable to contact the member after making reasonable inquiries.

Where stipulated in Government legislation, the value of a TTR Pension or Allocated Pension account of a member who is lost will be transferred to the ATO.

Eligible Rollover Fund

Subject to Government regulations, if your benefit must be transferred to an eligible rollover fund, we will send it to AUSfund. You will become subject to its governing rules.

First Super will provide AUSfund your current contact details, it will send you its current PDS. You can also ask AUSfund for a copy of its PDS by contacting:

AUSfund Administration Locked Bag 5132, Parramatta NSW 2124 T: 1300 361 798

E: admin@AUSfund.net.au W: www.ausfund.com.au

Unclaimed benefits

If the Fund loses contact with you and cannot pay your pension payments, the benefit becomes unclaimed money. The Trustee must pay the unclaimed money to the ATO within four months of the end of each half year. You must then seek payment directly from the ATO.

Effect of being sent to ATO or ERF

The Trustee also regularly reports lost member details to the ATO. If you think a fund has lost contact with you, contact the ATO on 13 10 20. If your account is or has been sent to the ATO or AUSfund:

- > you will cease to be a member of First Super
- > any insurance cover you had with First Super will cease
- > your account becomes subject to the rules of the institution that received it.

Other important information

Cooling-off period

If you have submitted an application to open a TTR Pension or Allocated Pension account, a 14-day cooling-off period applies from the date your application is accepted. During this period, you may write to the Trustee to cancel your First Super membership. Any transfers made will be repaid and there will be no fees and charges incurred. The reversed amount may, however, be adjusted to take account of any increase or decrease in investment value and any taxes payable.

Complaints

The Trustee has established a procedure to deal fairly with member complaints. All complaints will be handled in a courteous and confidential manner and will be properly considered and dealt with within 90 days. If you believe you have a complaint, please write to:

Superannuation Complaints Officer First Super PO Box 666, Carlton South, VIC 3053

Once the Trustee has investigated your complaint, you will receive a written reply explaining the Trustee's decision.

If an issue has not been resolved to your satisfaction, you can lodge a complaint with the Australian Financial Complaints Authority (AFCA). AFCA provides fair and independent financial services complaint resolution that is free to customers.

Website: www.afca.org.au Email: info@afca.org.au

Telephone 1800 931 678 (free call)

In writing to: Australian Financial Complaints Authority,

GPO Box 3, Melbourne VIC 3001

Fund information

We will provide to you any information you reasonably need to understand your benefits or other interests in the Fund. This includes but is not limited to:

- > the Annual Report of the Fund
- > the Audited Accounts and Auditor's Reports of the Fund
- > the Trust Deed of the Fund
- > the Fund's Risk Management Framework Policy
- > the Fund's Actuarial Report.

All enquiries regarding the Fund should be addressed to First Super on 1300 360 988.

GENERAL INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

Privacy Statement

First Super takes the utmost care with your personal information and only collects information that is necessary for your membership. This information is used:

- > to establish your account
- > to process contributions
- > to enable benefit payments
- > for correspondence
- > to search for any unclaimed benefits you may have
- > to keep you informed about membership opportunities.

If you don't want us to contact you about these opportunities, please let us know in writing. The personal information First Super collects from you, or through your employer, includes your contact details, date of birth and TFN. Over time, this will be supplemented with financial and other information necessary to administer your First Super membership.

If we need to make a benefit payment to you, we will need further information from you, such as identification documents. This is in order to ensure correct payment details.

For the assessment of a claim, more information may be collected from you, your medical practitioners, or from your employer.

First Super will only collect such information with your consent. First Super has strict security measures in place and the staff members who handle your personal information have the knowledge, skills and commitment to protect it from unauthorised access, disclosure, or misuse.

First Super outsources the administration of its member and employer records to an external administration company, and contracts with life insurers and other service providers to provide services to you. They and other service providers may access and use your personal information for the purpose of performing agreed services on behalf of or in association with the Trustee.

Your personal information will not be used or disclosed for any other purpose without your consent, except where required by law. We are required by law to report specified transactions and suspicious activity to the relevant Government authorities. This includes obtaining and checking certain proofs of identity before paying a benefit and, on other occasions, as specified in the relevant law.

As a member of First Super, you may ask to see the information held about your membership and to have it corrected if necessary. If you would like further details on the personal information that First Super holds and how it is used, call us on 1300 360 988.

If you believe that a breach of your privacy may have occurred in relation to your First Super membership, write to:

First Super Privacy Officer PO Box 666, Carlton South, VIC 3053

If you would like more information about the Privacy Act or wish to complain about a privacy issue, you can contact the Australian Information Commissioner on 1300 363 992 or visit the website at privacy.gov.au

You can find a copy of First Super's Privacy Policy here firstsuper.com.au/privacy-policy/.

Anti-Money Laundering and Counter-Terrorism Financing (AML/CTF)

As required by legislation, First Super has an AML/CTF plan in place and we are required to report specified transactions and suspicious activity to the relevant Government authorities.

As part of the legislation we are required to obtain and check certain minimum proofs of identity from members and employers when setting up new accounts, receiving money and when paying benefits. As these identity requirements can change from time to time, we will advise you of any additional identity proof at the time it is required.

GLOSSARY

Asset classes

A group of investments that have similar financial characteristics, behave similarly in the marketplace, and are subject to the same laws and regulations. Refer to page 10 for the different asset classes.

Assets Test

Government pensions, allowances and concession cards have asset limits. These limits have an assets test applied to them to determine if your assets will affect your payment rate.

Consumer Price Index

Consumer Price Index. This is a measure of changes, over time, in retail prices of a constant basket of goods and services representative of consumption expenditure by resident households in Australian metropolitan areas.

Defensive investment

Investments made with the objective of achieving more stable returns than growth asset investments, with little or no capital growth. Defensive assets include cash and fixed interest.

Financial Planner

A professional who prepares financial plans for people. Financial plans often cover cash flow management, retirement planning, investment planning, financial risk management, insurance planning, tax planning, estate planning and business succession planning (for business owners).

Growth investment

Investments made with the objective of achieving an investment return (including capital growth and income) that outperforms inflation. Growth assets include Australian shares, international shares, property and alternative assets.

ICR

Indirect Cost Ratio (see page 19).

Income Test

Government pensions, allowances and concession cards have income limits. These limits have an income test applied to them to determine if your assessable income will affect your payment rate.

Interdependency relationship

A relationship that exists between two people where:

- > they have a close personal relationship
- > they live together, even if they are not related by family
- > one or each of them provides the other with financial and domestic support and personal care.

An interdependency relationship may also exist where there is a close personal relationship between two people who do not satisfy other criteria because either or both of them suffer from a physical, intellectual or psychiatric disability.

Investment earnings

Interest payments, dividends, capital gains collected upon the sale of a security or other assets, and any other profit that is made through an investment vehicle of any kind.

Investment objective

The purpose a particular investment portfolio that serves for the individual's financial needs.

Investment risk

The probability or likelihood of occurrence of losses relative to the expected return on any particular investment.

Preservation Age

The age you must reach before you can access your super and depends on when you were born. See 'Preserved benefit' on page 25 for more details.

Includes another person (whether of the same sex or opposite sex) who:

- > you are in a relationship with that is registered under a prescribed state or territory law
- > although not legally married to you, lived with you on a genuine domestic basis in a relationship as a couple.

HOW TO OPEN AN ACCOUNT

1. Read this PDS

This PDS details how a First Super Allocated Pension operates, including its benefits and features. If you need advice tailored to your own personal situation, our Financial Planner can assist.

2. Complete and sign the Membership Application Form

The application includes sections to select your pension choice, investment choice, and nomination of beneficiary details.

3. Complete and sign the additional forms as required:

- A. Tax File Number Declaration form required for all new members.
- B. Withholding Declaration form required for all new First Super Pension accounts where the member is aged between the Preservation Age (see page 3) and age 60 at the date of the first payment.

4. Ensure all required identification documents have been certified and are included with your Membership **Application Form**

See 'Completing Proof of Identity' on page 32 for information.

5. Return your completed forms to First Super

After joining the First Super Transition to Retirement Pension or First Super Allocated Pension, you will receive a welcome letter.

APPLICATION FORM CHECKLIST:

- Have you provided your personal details in Section 1?
- Have you selected the amount you wish to transfer in Section 2 and the pension payment amount you would like to receive in Section 3?
- Have you advised your preferred payment frequency in Section 3?
- Have you selected the investment option/s from which your pension payments will be drawn in Section 5?
- Have you advised us of your nominated beneficiaries in Section 6?
- Have you signed and dated the Form in Section 6 and 7?
- ► Have you filled out the *Tax File* Number Declaration Form (if not already provided) and the Withholding Declaration Form (if relevant)? For more information read the Tax File Number section on this page.

Consolidating your super savings

First Super accepts transfers from any complying super fund, approved deposit fund, or retirement savings account. To make a transfer, you'll need to complete the Roll-in Your Super Form available online at firstsuper.com.au or on request.

Tax File Number

You can choose to supply your TFN by completing the Tax File Number Declaration Form. You should read the information about TFNs on page 23 before completing this form.

Taxation

If you are under 60 years of age, you will also need to complete the ATO Withholding Declaration Form to advise First Super how your pension is to be taxed. Please note: you can only claim the tax-free threshold once. You don't have to provide your TFN, but if you choose not to, you won't receive the tax concessions you may be entitled to. Complete the Withholding Declaration Form in this PDS if you want First Super to reduce or increase the amount of tax withheld from payments to you.

Need help?

If you need help completing these forms, please contact the ATO on 13 10 20 or your financial advisor. Your application will not proceed and no investment earnings will be credited until all rollovers are received. Return all signed and completed forms to:

First Super Administration PO Box 666, Carlton South, VIC 3053



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APPLICATION FORMS.

Completing Proof of Identity

You need to provide certified documentation with this request to prove you are the person to whom the superannuation entitlements belong.

Acceptable documents:

OPTION 1 Primary ID

One certified document from the following:

- > a current driver's licence issued under State or Territory law; or
- > a current passport.

OR

OPTION 2 Secondary ID

Two documents are required if you are unable to supply a document from Option 1

Two certified documents from the following:

- > Birth certificate or birth extract.
- > Citizenship certificate issued by the Commonwealth.
- > Pension card issued by Centrelink that entitles the person to financial benefits.
- > Letter from Centrelink regarding a Government assistance payment.
- Notice issued by Commonwealth, State or Territory Government or local council within the past twelve months that contains your name and residential address. For example:
 - Tax Office Notice of Assessment
 - Rates notice from local council.

All proof of identification documents must be certified.

Have you changed your name or are you signing on behalf of another person?

If you have changed your name or are signing on behalf of the applicant, you will need to provide a certified linking document. A linking document is a document that proves a relationship exists between two (or more) names. The following table contains information about suitable linking documents.

Purpose	Suitable linking documents		
Change of name	Marriage certificate, deed poll or change of name certificate from the Births, Deaths & Marriages Registration Office.		
Signed on behalf of the applicant	Guardianship papers or Power of Attorney.		

Certification of Personal Documents

All copied pages of ORIGINAL proof of identification documents (including any linking documents) must be certified as true copies by individuals approved to do so (see below). The person who is authorised to certify documents must sight the original and the copy and make sure both documents are identical, then make sure all pages have been certified as true copies by writing or stamping 'certified true copy' followed by their signature, printed name, qualification (e.g. Justice of the Peace, Police Officer - including police stamp and badge number, etc) date, contact address and phone number.

Those who can certify documents as being true and correct copies include:

- > Finance company officer, a bank officer, a building society officer or a credit union officer who has five or more years of continuous service
- Financial advisor or financial planner
- > Notary public officer or a Commissioner of Affidavits or a Commissioner for Declarations
- > Police officer
- > Justice of the Peace
- > Australian consular officer or an Australian diplomatic officer
- > Judge, Magistrate, Chief Executive Officer of a Commonwealth court, clerk of a court, registrar or deputy registrar of a court
- > Migration agent
- > Teacher employed on a full time or part time basis
- > Legal practitioner, patent attorney, trade marks attorney
- > Medical practitioner, dentist, nurse, chiropractor, midwife, occupational therapist, physiotherapist, pharmacist, optometrist and psychologist
- > Veterinary surgeon.

Proof of identification documents cannot be accepted by fax or email. Please mail them to First Super, PO Box 666, Carlton South, VIC 3053.

Allocated Pension Membership Application Form





Office Use Only: Member Number	

Please complete this Form with **BLOCK LETTERS** and a blue or black pen.

This application form is part of First Super's Plan for Retirem dated 1 November 2019. Please read the PDS before complete		Discl	osure Sta	tement (PDS)
I am applying for a Transition to Retirement Pension Acco For people who are still employed and have reached Prese OR				
I am applying for an Allocated Pension Account Tick one of the following:				
I have reached my Preservation Age and permanently	retired from the workforce on		/	/
I have reached 60 years of age and since then ceased	working on		/	/
I am aged 65 and over.				
Section 1 – Your personal details				
Title (Mr, Mrs, Miss etc)	ate of birth (DD/MM/YYYY) / /			Sex (M/F)
Surname				
Given name(s)				
Residential address				
Suburb		Sta	ate	Postcode
Postal address (Tick box if same as above)		Sta	ate	Postcode
Telephone (home) Telephone (work) Mobi	le		J L
Email address				
Send me information about First Super by email.				
Email me when my statements are available online.				
Section 2 – Membership details				
I am new to First Super.				
Please fill out the details of the fund(s) you wish to roll ove new First Super Pension Account.	er money from and the amount of	each	rollover i	nto the
Fund name	Membership number (if known)		Approximof rollove	ate amount ·\$
		\$		
		\$		

 $\textbf{Note:} \ please \ complete \ and \ sign \ a \ separate \ \textbf{Roll-in Your Super Form} \ for \ each \ rollover \ request.$

OR I am an existing First Super member. My First Super member number is I would like to: Transfer my entire accumulation account balance. This will result in the closure of your First Super account and your insurance cover will cease. **OR** Transfer an amount of (Minimum opening balance of \$10,000) 0R Transfer my entire First Super accumulation account balance, retaining a minimum account balance of \$1,000 in the accumulation account to keep it open. Section 3 - Your pension payment details Legislation requires you to draw at least a minimum pension amount each financial year based on your age and your pension account balance. The amount may be reduced pro-rated when you initially invest in proportion to the number of days remaining in the financial year. Please tick how often you wish to receive your pension payments: Fortnightly Monthly Quarterly Half-yearly Yearly **First Super Transition to Retirement Pension** Tick one of the following: Minimum amount (See page 6 of this PDS for more information) Maximum amount 10% An amount between your minimum and maximum \$ % per annum First Super Allocation Pension Tick one of the following: __ Minimum amount per annum An amount above your minimum % per annum **or** per annum Section 4 - Your bank account details Please provide the bank details where the pension payments will be paid. Bank/Financial Institution Account name BSB number Account number

Section 2 - Membership details (continued)

Section 5 - Your investment choice

Before completing this section, First Super recommends you read the Investments section of this PDS and obtain professional advice relating to your own circumstances. The information provided by First Super is of a general nature and does not constitute investment advice.

I would like to invest in the following investment options:

	Initial investment	_	Withdrawals	_
Shares Plus		%		%
Growth		%		%
Balanced (default option)		%		_ %
Conservative Balanced		%		_ %
Cash		%		%
TOTAL must equal	100] %	100	_ %

Note: If you do not make a choice, your account will automatically be invested in the Balanced option.

Section 6 - Nominating your beneficiaries

Please nominate the type of beneficiary option you wish to be implemented in the event of your death.

In the event of your death, the balance of your Pension Account will be paid to your spouse, dependants or estate. You have the following two options:

- > Nominating a Reversionary Beneficiary, complete option A.
- > Death Benefit Nominations, complete option B.

,		
OPTION A. REVERSIONARY BENEFICIARY		
If you choose this option, your spouse will receive the remaining pension payments.		
Surname		
Given name(s)		
Residential address		
Suburb/Town/City	State	Postcode
Relationship	Date of birth (DD/MM/YYYY)
	/	/

Section 6 - Nominating your beneficiaries (continued) OPTION B. NOMINATION OF BENEFICIARIES Please read the 'Important information about Nomination of Beneficiaries' before you complete this section. Nomination details Tick one. This is a Binding Nomination. This is a Non-Binding Nomination. Beneficiary details Legal Personal Representative. All or part of the benefit to be paid to your estate then distributed in accordance with your Will. 0R Please nominate the beneficiary you would like to receive your death benefit. Remember to write in the % of benefit each should receive and that the total must be 100%. **Beneficiary 1** Surname Given name(s) Date of birth (DD/MM/YYYY) % of benefit Relationship to you **Beneficiary 2** Given name(s) Surname Date of birth (DD/MM/YYYY) Relationship to you % of benefit **Beneficiary 3** Given name(s) Surname Date of birth (DD/MM/YYYY) Relationship to you % of benefit **Beneficiary 4** Given name(s) Surname Date of birth (DD/MM/YYYY) Relationship to you % of benefit You can nominate more than four beneficiaries by providing their details on a separate piece of paper attached to this form that is signed and dated by you and witnessed in the same manner as this form. **MEMBER DECLARATION (MUST BE COMPLETED IN ALL CASES)** I request and direct the Trustee to distribute any benefit payable in the event of my death in accordance with this form. This Nomination Form supersedes any previous nomination of beneficiary. I acknowledge that I have read and understood the Binding Nomination rules below, and that my nomination complies with these requirements. Please sign here Date (DD/MM/YYYY) X

Section 6 - Nominating your beneficiaries (continued)

WITNESS DECLARATION (BINDING NOMINATION ONLY)

I declare I am over the age of 18, not named as a beneficiary on this form and this Binding Nomination was signed by the member in my presence on the date it was signed by me.

Witness 1			
Surname		Date of birth	DD/MM/YYYY)
		/	/
Given name(s)			
Residential address			
Suburb/Town/City		State	Postcode
Please sign here			
V	Date (DD/MM/YYYY)		
X	/ /		
Witness 2	, ,		
Surname		Date of birth	DD/MM/YYYY)
		/	/
Given name(s)			
Residential address			
Suburb/Town/City		State	Postcode
Please sign here			
	Date (DD/MM/YYYY)		
X	/ /	\neg	

Section 7 - Declaration

To apply for membership of the First Super Transition to Retirement Pension or Allocated Pension, you must sign and date this form having read the statements below.

I hereby:

- > Apply to the Trustee for admission as a member of the First Super Allocated Pensions under the terms and conditions of the Trust Deed by which the Fund is operated
- > Acknowledge receiving and reading this First Super Allocated Pensions Product Disclosure Statement (PDS) dated 1 November 2019 and have read this document
- > Acknowledge that I have read and understood the section on Tax File Numbers in the PDS
- > Acknowledge that I have read the section on nomination of beneficiaries contained in the PDS
- > Acknowledge that I have read the Privacy Statement in this PDS and hereby consent to the collection, use, storage and disclosure of my personal information as described therein
- > Acknowledge that, if I have consented, First Super may use my personal details to search for lost superannuation money on my behalf.

I confirm that I am authorised to provide the personal details presented and I consent to my information being checked with the document issuer or official record holder via third party systems for the purpose of confirming my identity.

Signature	
×	Date (DD/MM/YYYY)
	/ /

Important information about Nomination of Beneficiaries

The difference between a Binding and Non-Binding Nomination

A Binding Nomination is an instruction to the Trustee about who is to receive your benefit in the event of your death. The Trustee is legally bound to follow this instruction, provided that the nomination is legally valid and the person(s) nominated qualify for payment under the law when the benefit is paid. A Binding Death Benefit nomination is valid for three years.

A Non-Binding Nomination is a request for the Trustee to pay your benefit in a certain way in the event of your death. It is not legally binding, but is taken into account. The Trustee is obliged to follow the law in working out who should receive a death benefit.

Who can receive a Death benefit?

A Death benefit can be received by one or more dependants or your legal personal representative (estate).

A dependant is generally a child, spouse (including a de facto or same sex spouse), financial dependant, or a person with whom you have an interdependency relationship. Two people may have an interdependency relationship if:

- > they have a close personal relationship
- > they live together
- > one or each of them provides the other with financial support
- > one or each of them provides the other with domestic support and personal care.

An interdependency relationship may also exist where there is a close personal relationship between two people who do not satisfy other criteria because either or both of them suffer from a physical, intellectual or psychiatric disability.

Special Rules for Binding Nominations

- > A Binding Nomination must be signed by two witnesses who are at least 18 years old and are not named as beneficiaries. Your witnesses must sign and date the Binding Nomination at the same time as you.
- > This form is invalid if not received by the Trustee before your death.
- > Only your dependants or legal personal representative can be nominated to receive a share of a Death benefit. Whether or not a person is eligible to receive part of your Death benefit is determined at the date of your death.
- You can amend or revoke a Binding Nomination at any time by sending a new Nomination Form. It is important to update your nominations when your circumstances change.
- > If a person you have nominated dies before you or is not eligible to receive a share of your Death benefit, that person's part will be distributed equally among the surviving nominated dependants and/or legal personal representative.
- If you do not provide all details requested in this form, or if it is not properly witnessed, the form is a Non-Binding Nomination.
- > If you fail to properly and clearly specify the % of your benefit payable to each person, it will be distributed equally amongst those persons nominated who are eligible to receive a benefit, providing the Nomination Form was otherwise valid.
- > Your Binding Nomination will no longer be binding on the Trustee after three years. You will need to make a new Binding Nomination every three years if you wish to bind the Trustee, otherwise your benefit will be paid at the Trustee's discretion.



Please return this completed form by mail only to:

First Super Reply Paid 666 Carlton South, VIC 3053

Postage is paid so there is no need to use a stamp.

Want to know more? We're here to help.

Call 1300 360 988

Email mail@firstsuper.com.au Website firstsuper.com.au

This application is part of the First Super Plan for Retirement & Start Retirement Product Disclosure Statement dated 1 November 2019. First Super Pty Ltd ABN 42 053 498 472, AFSL No. L223988.

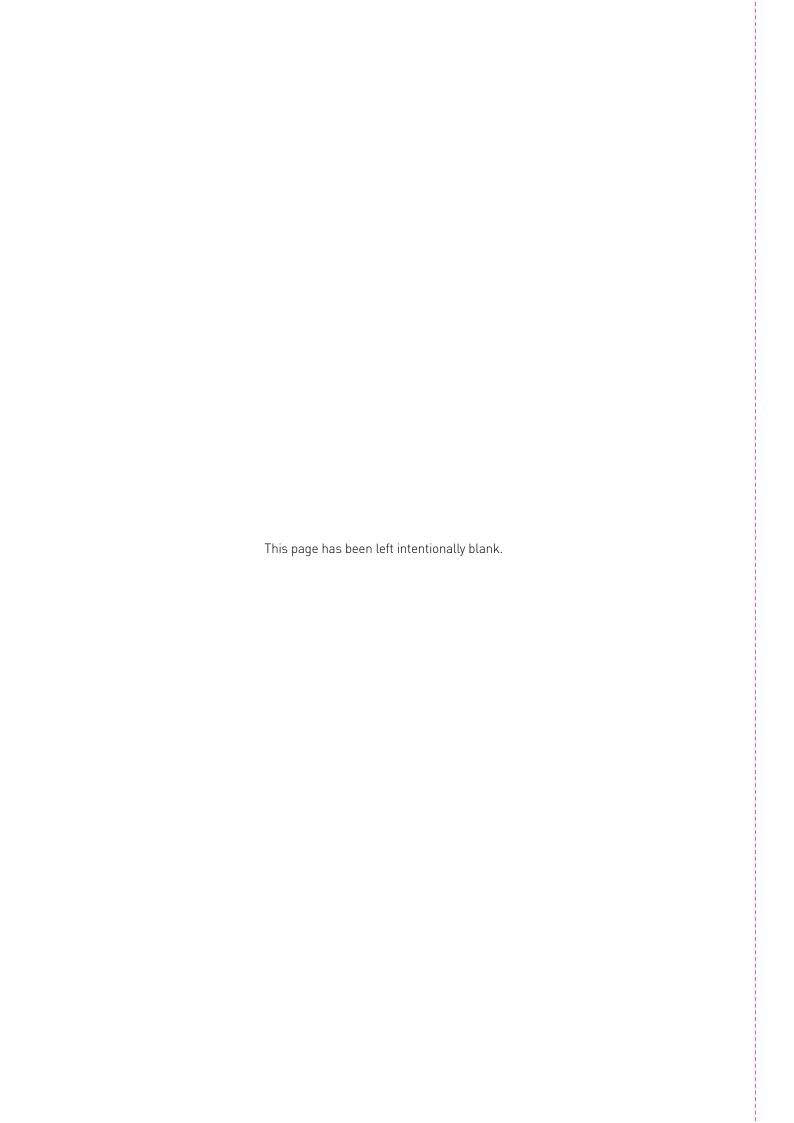


Tax file number declarationThis declaration is NOT an application for a tax file number.

- Use a black or blue pen and print clearly in BLOCK LETTERS.
- Print **X** in the appropriate boxes.

ato.gov.au ■ Read all the instructions including the privacy statement before you complete this declaration.							
Section A: To be completed by the PAYEE							
1 What is your tax file number (TFN)?	5 What is your date of birth?						
OR I have made a separate application/enquiry to the ATO for a new or existing TFN. OR I am claiming an exemption because I am under 18 years of age and do not earn enough to pay tax. OR I am claiming an exemption because I am in	6 On what basis are you paid? (select only one) Full-time Part-time Labour or annuity employment income stream 7 Are you: (select only one) An Australian resident A foreign resident A working						
receipt of a pension, benefit or allowance.	for tax purposes for tax purposes OR holiday maker						
2 What is your name? Title: Mr Mrs Miss Ms Surname or family name First given name Other given names	Only claim the tax-free threshold from this payer? Only claim the tax-free threshold from one payer at a time, unless your total income from all sources for the financial year will be less than the tax-free threshold. Yes No Naker, except if you are a foreign resident or working holiday maker, except if you are a foreign resident in receipt of an Australian Government pension or allowance. 9 (a) Do you have a Higher Education Loan Program (HELP), Student Start-up Loan (SSL) or Trade Support Loan (TSL) debt?						
2 What is your barre address in Australia	Yes Your payer will withhold additional amounts to cover any compulsory repayment that may be raised on your notice of assessment.						
3 What is your home address in Australia?	(b) Do you have a Financial Supplement debt? Yes Your payer will withhold additional amounts to cover any compulsory repayment that may be raised on your notice of assessment. No DECLARATION by payee: I declare that the information I have given is true and correct.						
Suburb/town/locality State/territory Postcode	Signature Date Day Month Year You MUST SIGN here						
If you have changed your name since you last dealt with the ATO, provide your previous family name.	There are penalties for deliberately making a false or misleading statement.						
① Once section A is completed and signed, give it to your payer to complete	lete section B.						
Section B: To be completed by the PAYER (if you are no	ot lodging online)						
1 What is your Australian business number (ABN) or Branch number 5 What is your primary e-mail address?							
withholding payer number? (if applicable)							
2 If you don't have an ABN or withholding							
payer number, have you applied for one:	6 Who is your contact person?						
3 What is your legal name or registered business name (or your individual name if not in business)?							
	Business phone number						
	7 If you no longer make payments to this payee, print X in this box.						
	DECLARATION by payer: I declare that the information I have given is true and correct.						
4 What is your business address?	Signature of payer Date						
	Day Month Year						
	There are penalties for deliberately making a false or misleading statement.						
Suburb/town/locality	Thore are periatives for democrately making a raise or missicaumy statement.						
State/territory Postcode	Return the completed original ATO copy to: Australian Taxation Office PO Box 9004 PENRITH NSW 2740 IMPORTANT See next page for: payer obligations lodging online.						
'							









Withholding declaration

Complete this declaration to authorise your payer to adjust the amount withheld from payments made to you.

You must provide, or have previously provided, your payer with a completed *Tax file number declaration* (NAT 3092) quoting your tax file number or claiming an exemption from quoting it, before you can make a *Withholding declaration*.

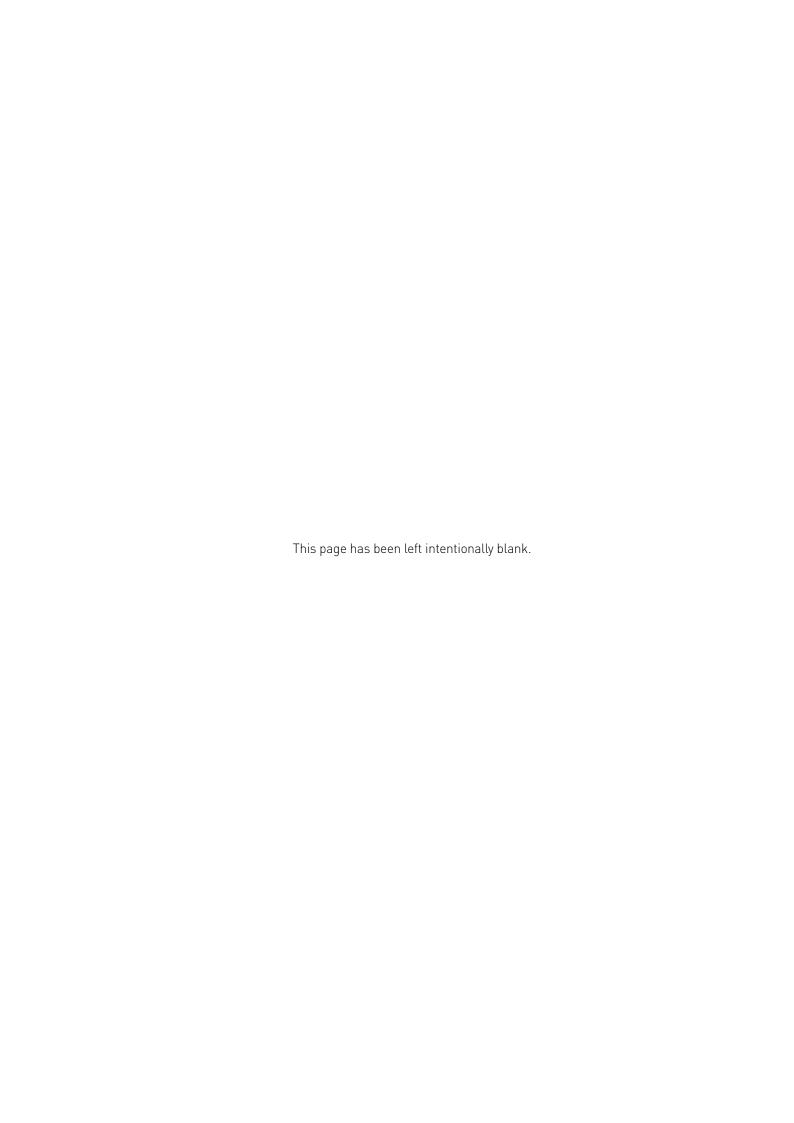
- Refer to the Instructions to help you complete this declaration.
- Print neatly in BLOCK LETTERS.
- \blacksquare Print $|\mathcal{X}|$ in the appropriate boxes.

Section A: Payee's declaration					
To be completed by payee.					
1	What is your name? Title: Mr Mrs Miss Ms Other Family name				
	Given names				
2	What is your date of birth?	Year /			
3	What is your tax file number (TFN)?				
	If you have not provided your TFN, indicate if any of the following I have lodged a TFN application. I am claiming an exemption because I am a pensioner.	□ I am o	ly: claiming an exemption because I am under ears of age and do not earn enough to pay tax.		
4	Are you an Australian resident for tax purposes?	Yes	No You must answer no at question 5.		
5	Are you claiming or do you want to claim the tax-free threshold from this payer?	Yes	No You must answer no at questions 7 and 8.		
6	(a) Do you have a Higher Education Loan Program (HELP), Student Start-up Loan (SSL) or Trade Support Loan (TSL) debt?	Yes	No		
	(b) Do you have a Financial Supplement debt?	Yes	No		
7	Do you want to claim or vary your tax offset by reducing the amount withheld from payments made to you?	Yes Insert your est total tax offset			
8	Do you want to claim or vary the seniors and pensioners tax offset entitlement by reducing the amount withheld from payments made to you?	Yes Are you: single	No a member of an a member of a couple		

Privacy For information about your privacy, visit our website at ato.gov.au/privacy The tax laws impose heavy penalties for giving false or misleading statements. I declare that the information I have given on this form is true and correct. Signature of payee Section B: Payer's declaration To be completed by payer. **YOUR DETAILS** What is your Australian business number (ABN) (or your withholding payer number if you are not in business)? What is your registered business name or trading name (or your individual name if you are not in business)? How much should you withhold? The payee's answers to questions 4 and 5 will indicate which of the weekly, fortnightly or monthly tax tables you should use as the base rate of withholding. A yes answer at question 6 will require an amount to be withheld as specified in the HELP/SSL/TSL tax tables or Student Financial Supplement Scheme tax tables. A yes answer at question 7 or 8 will generally require a variation of the rate of withholding specified in the tax tables. **DECLARATION BY PAYER** For information about your privacy, visit our website at ato.gov.au/privacy The tax laws impose heavy penalties for giving false or misleading statements. I declare that the information I have given on this form is true and correct. Signature of payer Written notice Storing and disposing of withholding declarations This declaration will constitute written notice under section 15-15 The information in the completed Withholding declaration form of Schedule 1 to the Taxation Administration Act 1953 (TAA 1953) must be treated as sensitive. Once you have completed, signed of the Commissioner's approval to vary the amount required to be and dated the declaration, file the declaration form. Do not send withheld where: the declaration to us. ■ the payee has given a completed Tax file number declaration to Under the TFN guidelines in the Privacy Act 1988, you must use the payer, or they have entered into a voluntary agreement with secure methods when storing and disposing of TFN information. the paver. Under tax laws, if a payee submits a new Withholding declaration the payee has notified the payer of the varied rate of withholding or leaves your employment, you must still keep this declaration for in writing on this approved form at section A. the current and next financial year. Print form Save form Do not send this declaration form to us.

DECLARATION BY PAYEE

Reset form



Want to know more? We're here to help.

If you would like to join First Super or have any questions, please contact the Member Services Team today.

Call: 1300 360 988

Email: mail@firstsuper.com.au

Write to: First Super, PO Box 666, Carlton South, VIC 3053

Website: firstsuper.com.au





Keep in touch

It's important you tell us if your details change to continue to receive all information issued by First Super.